BLACK COCKATOOS

(All \$\$ are ex GST)

Project Name:	Protecting WA Black Cockatoos – Peel-Harvey	
Project Timeframe:	April 2020 – June 2023	
Funding \$:	\$380,000	
Funded By:	Australian Government's National Landcare Program Phase 2	
Volunteer Contribution	3 Volunteers 9 Volunteer Hours	
What Goals (PHCC's Strategic Directions) does this project tick off:	Goal 4: Facilitating Collaborative Adaptive Management Goal 5: Delivering Quality Environmental Outcomes Goal 6: Engaging and enabling individuals and communities	
Aim of the Project:	Support farmers to manage and improve the habitat values of black cockatoo nesting and feeding sites, including the Eucalypt Woodlands of the Western Australian Wheatbelt and Banksia Woodlands of the Swan Coastal Plain Threatened Ecological Communities.	
Key Achievements	 Working with Birdlife Australia to produce a monitoring protocol to survey Black Cockatoos in the Peel-Harvey Catchment across the project timeline. Advertising the availability of funding for private landholders for onground works (2020-21 financial year) to improve the habitat and resources available for nesting cockatoos. Locating sites and prioritizing potential on-ground works at 2 known Carnaby breeding locations on the Swan-Coastal Plain associated with Banksia Woodland TEC. Locating a potential breeding site in the Hotham-Williams catchment Liaising with the community on potential nesting areas within the Peel-Harvey using a call-out on social media and newsletters Undertaking staff training for 5 officers & 1 volunteer, with Birdlife Australia, on monitoring/survey techniques Consulting with 2 indigenous groups on the Swan Coastal Plain and Hotham-Williams area on the Cockatoo project Creating 1 work plan, 1 OSH plan and other supporting project documents. 	

Outcomes for cockatoos & numbers achieved (this is first year for on-ground so going to be 0)

- 1. By June 2023, management, in vegetation expected to persist for the longterm, to ensure adequate food resources, nesting hollows and/or water to successfully raise chicks to fledglings at black cockatoo nesting sites in the Peel-Harvey region: (a) is undertaken by at least 10 private landholders; (b) maintains adequate resources for at least 3 nesting sites; (c) benefits 6 pairs of black cockatoos at nesting sites; and (d) improves the numbers of successful nesting pairs at 2 nesting sites. 0 achieved
- 2. By June 2023, the management expected to benefit the condition of Eucalypt Woodlands of the West Australian Wheatbelt and Swan Coastal Plain Banksia Woodland Threatened Ecological Communities is undertaken at 4 sites (200ha). O achieved
- 3. By June 2023, the Peel-Harvey region has: (a) improved the knowledge and awareness of the community and landholders of black cockatoo nesting and feeding requirements; (b) confirmed existing sites and identified previously unmapped nesting sites; and (c) increased the number of landholders implementing recommended management actions to ensure adequate food resources, nesting hollows and/or water to successfully raise chicks to fledglings at black cockatoo nesting sites from 0 to 10. 0 achieved

			Minimum annual target	
Service	Target measure	Total to be delivered	2019/2020	2020/2021
1	Project planning and delivery of documents as required for the delivery of the Project Services and monitoring	Number of planning and delivery documents for delivery of the project services and monitoring	4	1
2	Project planning and delivery of documents as required for the delivery of the Project Services and monitoring	Number of days project planning / preparation	108	0
3	Establishing and maintaining monitoring regimes	Number of monitoring regimes established	4	1
4	Communication materials	Number of communication materials published	20	2
5	Community/stakeholder engagement	Number of on-ground works	9	0
6	Community/stakeholder engagement	Number of training / workshop events	7	0
7	Community/stakeholder engagement	Number of one-on-one technical advice interactions	11	1
8	Controlling pest animals	Area (ha) treated for pest animals - initial	20	0
9	Removing weeds	Area (ha) treated for weeds - initial	15	0
10	Removing weeds	Area (ha) treated for weeds - follow-up	15	0
11	Establishing and maintaining agreements	Number of agreements	10	0
12	Controlling access	Length (km) installed	10	0
13	Habitat augmentation	Number of structures or installations	5	0
14	Identifying the location of potential sites	Number of potential sites identified	12	1
15	Negotiating with the Community, Landholders, Farmers, Traditional Owner groups, Agriculture industry groups etc.	Number of groups negotiated with	3	1
16	Fauna survey	Number of fauna surveys conducted	3	0
17	Revegetating habitat	Area of habitat revegetated (ha)	4	0

BANKSIA

(All \$\$ are ex GST)

Heading	Example of what you need to provide
Project Name:	A world for woodlands – reducing threats to Banksia Threatened Ecological Communities (TEC) through land stewardship – Phase 2 (also known as Banksia Woodlands Project)
Project Timeframe:	July 2019 –Jun 2020 (Phase 2 Jul 2019 – Jun 2023)
Funding \$:	Phase 2: \$1,220,000
Funded By:	Australian Government's National Landcare Program Phase 2
Volunteer Contribution	91 Volunteers 274 Volunteer Hours 2 CEG recipients 341 In-Kind hours
What Goals (PHCC's Strategic Directions) does this project tick off:	Goal 4: Facilitating Collaborative Adaptive Management Goal 5: Delivering Quality Environmental Outcomes Goal 6: Engaging and enabling individuals and communities
Aim of the Project:	Reducing threats to Banksia Threatened Ecological Communities (TEC) through land stewardship
Key Achievements	 \$ 140,856.47 granted to 10 on-ground projects, with landholder contributions of \$89,946.52 including in-kind support 500 + ha protected or managed through on-ground works including - 3 access control structures, 3.24 km fencing, 17 ha of dieback treatment, 3 habitat structures installed, 4 ha of revegetation, 94 ha of pest animal control, 2 fauna surveys, 1 flora survey, 2 weed management surveys, over 300 ha of weed control, 2 days of seed collection Establishment of a vegetation condition assessment regime to be implemented going forward across project sites. Noongar involvement in the project has increased to include participation in on-ground site works and created employment opportunities. 100 community members and land managers engaged through 5 events, including training, awareness raising and planting days.